TRACING THE ROOTS OF STATE’S FAILURES ON RESERVED FOREST AREA IN DIENG PLATEAU

Critical Discourses Analysis on State’s Political Ecology Discourses

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ABSTRACT

This research aims to trace the roots of state’s failures to control state forest area that has been administrated as reserved forest in the Dieng plateau. The evidences of state’s failure are noticed from the function change of forest state area from reserved forest into agricultural land.

This research uses critical discourses analysis method, developed by Norman Fairclough, to find out problem’s roots of state’s failures in that area. In this method, discourses analysis was held into three phases, which are analyzing description text, discursive practice text and social practice text. The text analyzed are Surat Keputusan Bersama antara antara Kepala Perum Perhutani Unit I Jawa Tengah dan Bupati Wonosobo Nomor: 2871/044.3/Hukamas/I dan Nomor 661/13/2006.

The result of research shows that roots problem of state’s failure in Dieng plateau is caused by state’s inconsistencies in implementing its political ecology discourse to control reserved forest in Dieng plateau. These state’s inconsistencies is emerged because of the clash between two main discourses within state’s bodies. The discourse of economic development which is supported by ecological discourses is sunk by another discourse that has objectives for economic development without ecological discourses’ support.

Key Words: Political Ecology, State’s Failure, Critical Discourses Analysis, Territorial Control, State’s Inconsistencies, Reserved Forest, Dieng Plateau.