The First Lesson for Local History

Monday 08.50 – 10.30 (B)
Friday 07.00 – 08.40 (A)

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Competence:

Student must have:

- Able to describe definition and goal of local history.
- Able to compare between local history, regional history, community history, neighborhood history, national history, etc.
PENGERTIAN

✧ Sejarah Lokal adalah sejarah dari suatu locality atau tempat yang batasannya ditentukan oleh “perjanjian” yang diajukan oleh penulis sejarah. (Taufik Abdullah).

✧ Sejarah lokal adalah studi tentang kehidupan masyarakat atau khususnya komunitas dari suatu lingkungan sekitar (neighborhood) tertentu dalam dinamika perkembangannya pada berbagai aspek kehidupan manusia. (I Gde Widja).
Local history is the study of history in a geographically local context and it often concentrates on the local community. It incorporates cultural and social aspects of history. Historic plaques are one form of documentation of significant occurrences in the past and oral histories are another.
“There are local histories conducted for their own sake, local histories conducted to test hypothesis about broader jurisdictions, usually nation states, and local histories that focus on understanding the process by which communities grow and develop. Although analytically distinct, in actual practice these lines frequently crisscross and run together.”
Local history is about the people, places, institutions and communities in your area; it is a way of building up a picture of what your town or city looked like in the past, who lived there and what they did. Sometimes local events will have national importance, such as civil war battles; sometimes they might seem unimportant to someone on the other side of the country, but had a big impact in your local area (such as fires or floods).
Local history is often documented by local historical societies or groups that form to preserve a local historic building or other historic site. Many works of local history are compiled by amateur historians working independently or archivists employed by various organizations. An important aspect of local history is the publication and cataloguing of documents preserved in local or national records which relate to particular areas.
Artifacts of local history are often collected in local history museums, which may be housed in a historic house or other building. Individual historic sites are inherently local, although they may have national or world history importance as well.
Suatu komunitas
Township
Village

Desa/beberapa desa
Kota kecil atau sedang.
Daerah geografis yang agak besar (kecamatan)

2. Temporal : bisa panjang bisa pendek
Istilah Lain sejarah lokal

1. Local History
2. Sejarah Setempat
3. Community History,
4. Neighborhood History
5. Nearby History
Terima Kasih