Gerund and to Infinitive

Dosen
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NIP.19780710 200801 1 012
Pengertian

Gerund adalah:

• **Ving (verb + ing)**
• **Verb** yang ditambah **ing** kemudian berubah fungsinya menjadi **Noun**
• **Kata benda** yang dibentuk dari kata kerja dengan menambahkan –**ing** pada kata kerja tersebut
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FUNGSI GERUND</th>
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</table>
| **As a Subject**: | **Smoking** too much is not good for health.  
**Reading** is my hobby  
**Swimming** makes us healthy |
| **As an Object**: | I like **playing** tennis. |
| **As a Complement**: | My hobby is **playing** tennis. |
| **As a Noun Modifier**: | a **reading** book / the **opening** ceremony. |
| **After a Preposition**: | He gained the success **by working** hard. |
| **As a Title**: | **Gardening** / **Empowering** Society / **Writing** English Tests |
### Sebagai obyek apabila Setelah kata kerja berikut ini;

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
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### Contoh:
- Would you mind lending me your money?
- I can’t help falling in love with you.
- The guests enjoyed dancing in a party last night.
Setelah preposisi

(on, in, of, at, before, after, with, without, over, against, etc.)

Contoh:
A lot of students are fond of playing football
He is interested in investigating a special case.
Any left home without saying anything
Setelah frase sbb:

1. (to be) + used to + gerund (biasa; diwaktu lalu)
   Contoh: I am used to eating gudeg Jogja

2. (to be) + accustomed to + gerund (biasa; diwaktu lalu)
   Yoga is accustomed to wearing a tie during the presentation

3. look forward to + gerund (berharap)
   Dwi looks forward to meeting her lecturer.
TO INFINITIVE

Infinitive with to ( to + V1 )

Infinitive dengan to di pakai setelah kata kerja sebagai berikut:

- advise
- allow
- Ask / want
- beg
- decide
- hope
- intend
- invite
- instruct
- learn
- permit
- promise
- propose
- warn
- would like
- expect
- force
- need
- tell
- urge

Rumus yang digunakan:

\[ S + V + to \ V1 + O \]

Anton wants to continue his study to a university.

\[ S + V + to \ V1 \]

Agus asked me to close the door.
Infinitive without to (V1)

Infinitive without to (V1) biasanya ditaruh setelah kata kerja sebagai berikut:
- make
- let
- have
- help
dan kata kerja yang berhubungan dengan indra (verbs of perception) misalnya:
- see
- listen
- hear
- observe
- notice
- watch
- feel.

Pola yang digunakan yaitu: S + V + O + V1

Contoh:
Father lets me go out at Saturday night.
The teacher had me study hard.

NB:
Verbs of perception dapat diikuti kata kerja bentuk – ing dengan pola S + V + O + V ing.

Contoh:
I saw him crossing the street.
Gerund and Infinitive Exercises

Complete the words in the bracket with gerund, infinitive with to or without to.

Let me ( help ) you ( get ) the answer right.
We have decided ( allow ) him ( do ) as he pleases.
He is fond of ( repair) broken clocks.
We hope ( have ) an opportunity of ( see ) him tomorrow.
I saw him ( help ) her ( cook ) the dinner.
Would you mind ( watch ) the demonstration?
For some time we watched them ( catch ) fish.
I don’t understand him ( ask ) me ( wash ) his car.
I enjoy ( take a rest ) in the afternoon.
Have you see them ( watch ) us ( eat ) our dinner?
Key answer

Complete the words in the bracket with gerund, infinitive with to or without to.

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For some time we watched them catch fish.
I don’t understand him asking me to wash his car.
I enjoy taking a rest in the afternoon.
Have you see them watch us eat our dinner?
Have you see them watching us eating our dinner?
1. **Swimming** is my hobby

2. Yunita is **swimming** in the pool now

3. Yoga was **swimming** in the river last week.

4. Vera has been **swimming** for 2 hours.
SEKIAN
Pengertian

Gerund adalah:

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• **Verb** yang ditambah **ing** kemudian berubah fungsinya menjadi Noun
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